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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/803,933	03/19/2004	Takenobu Suzuki	250472US2	6739
	7590 01/03/2007 AK, MCCLELLAND, 1	EXAMINER		
1940 DUKE ST	REET	KALAFUT, STEPHEN J		
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		1745		
SHORTENED STATUTORY	PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	. DELIVERY MODE	
3 MON	≀THS	01/03/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

<u> </u>		Applic	ation No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/803	,933	SUZUKI ET AL.				
		Examir	ier	Art Unit				
		Stephe	n J. Kalafut	1745				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status								
1)[Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on .						
•	•	2b)⊠ This action is	s non-final.					
•								
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the	application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.							
•	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restric	ction and/or election	n requirement.					
Application	on Papers							
9)🛛 -	The specification is objected to by th	e Examiner.						
10)🛛 ີ	The drawing(s) filed on <u>19 March 20</u>	<u>04</u> is/are: a)⊠ acc	epted or b) objected	to by the Examine	r.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119				•			
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
2) Notice 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Foration Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) • No(s)/Mail Date 19 March 2004.	PTO-948)	4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:	Date				

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Claims 2 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. The term "slightly smaller" in claims 2 and 7 is a relative term which renders the claim indefinite. The term "slightly" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 3, 6 and 8-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Tozawa et al. (US 5,607,785).

Tozawa *et al.* disclose a polymer electrolyte fuel cell in which the two electrodes include two layers having different sizes of catalyst retaining particles, the larger sized particles being closer to the current collector (column 4, lines 45-53, column 6, lines 38-49), which would mean that the smaller sized particles are closer to the electrolyte. The layers may be joined by hot pressing, which is a type of lamination (column 4, lines 63-67). The catalyst particles include carbon carrier particles that support the catalyst (column 5, lines 36-45). The electrodes also include a current collector such as carbon paper having hydrophobicity (column 6, lines 20-22), which would be a type of gas diffusion layer. Regarding claim 3, the two layers with their

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respective particles would each be formed in a distinct process step. Claims 8-10 are in product-by-process format. The only process steps not disclosed by Tozawa *et al.* would be the formation of the first catalyst layer onto the gas diffusion layer, followed by the formation of the second catalyst layer. In other words, the order of joining the layers is not disclosed. However, since the product would be the same, regardless of the order of joining the layers. These claims are thus still anticipated by Tozawa *et al.*, since they are evaluated for the patentability of the product rather than of the process steps.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 4 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tozawa et al., above.

These claims differ from Tozawa et al. by reciting that one catalyst layer is formed at the diffusion layer, followed by the second catalyst layer formed at the first layer. Because Tozawa et al. teach the use of "conventional hot pressing" (column 4, line 53) to join the layers, and the formation of a catalyst layer onto a diffusion layer before hot pressing (column 8, lines 41-46), the formation of the second layer onto the first, after the formation of the first onto the diffusion layer would be obvious to the ordinary artisan from their teachings.

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Claims 2 and 7 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, 2nd paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. The fuel cell electrode having an average size of the catalyst carrier particles of the plural catalyst layers being the same as that of the layer closest to the electrolyte, while also having the particle size in the layer closest to the electrolyte being smaller than another layer farther away from the electrolyte is not disclosed by the prior art cited herein or by applicant.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Liu *et al.* (US 4,444,582) disclose a metal air cell with a cathode having layers of different particle sizes. Kakutani *et al.* (US 2005/0019649) disclose a method of depositing electrode materials into a polymer electrolyte that is still wet.

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: In section 0027 on page 6, the numeral 31 is used to denote both a "catalyst layer" and a "polymer electrolyte member". Appropriate correction is required.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Stephen J. Kalafut whose telephone number is 571-272-1286. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 8:00 am-4:30 pm.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Patrick J. Ryan can be reached on 571-272-1292. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

sjk

